## 2015.04.30 - Helium Polish version 5.6.70.1, report.dll version 2.6.2.1, new templates dd 29.04.2015

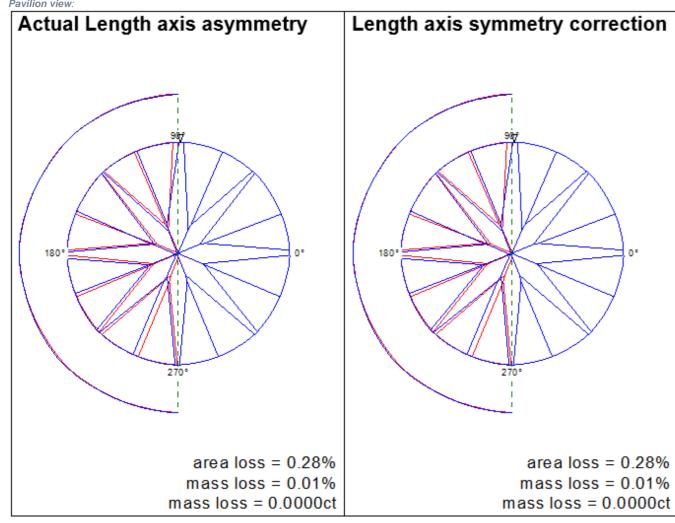
### Release contains:

File	Version		
HeliimPolish.exe	5.6.70.1		
report.dll	2.6.2.1		
Reports templates	2015-04-29		

#### In this version we made the following changes:

1. Pictures of model symmetry were upgraded and crown view for model symmetry was added:

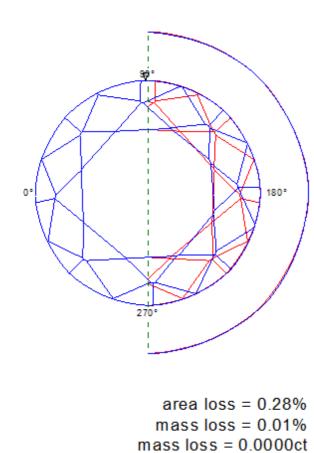
Pavilion view:

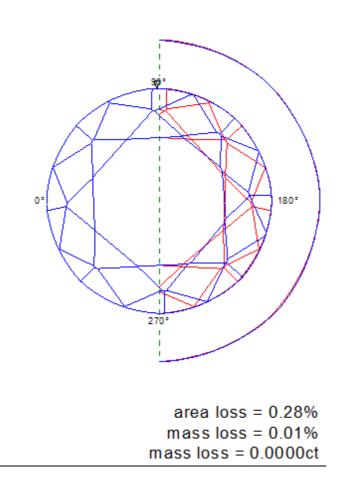


Crown view:

# Actual Length axis asymmetry

### Length axis symmetry correction





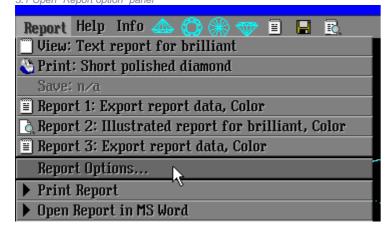
By default, these pictures are available in full report for RBC.

### 2. New report parameters were added:

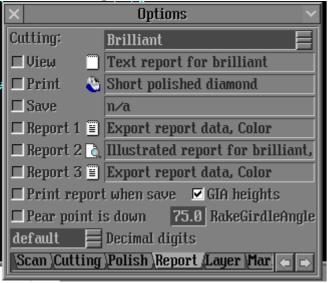
I .	ı	1		l .	
Table	%	62.217	61.929	61.223	62.757
Table	mm	1.2209	1.2152	1.2014	1.2315
Table inside	%	57.012	58.091	57.012	57.641
Table inside	mm	1.1187	1.1399	1.1187	1.1311
Table outside	%	62.217	61.929	61.223	62.757
Table outside	mm	1.2209	1.2152	1.2014	1.2315
Table obsolete	%	62.194	61.921	61.223	62.755
Table obsolete	mm	1.2204	1.2151	1.2014	1.2314

- 2.1 "Table inside" (bookmarks TABLE\_INSIDE\_) is calculated as minimum diameters of a table.
  2.2 "Table outside" (bookmarks TABLE\_OUTSIDE\_) is calculated as maximum diameters of a table.
  2.3 "Table obsolete" (bookmarks TABLE\_OBSOLETE\_) is calculated in old way by in crown star direction instead of pavilion's main as it was before.
  2.4 "Table" (bookmarks TABLE\_) is equal to "Table outside" in case if all star facets are present or to "Table inside" if there are none of them.

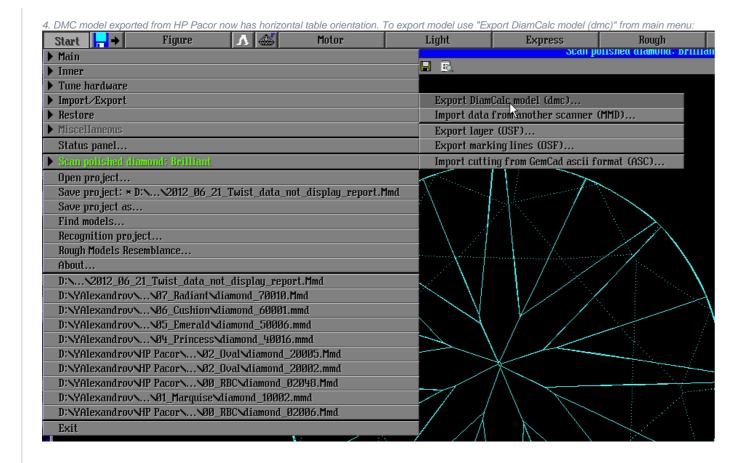
3. "Diameter Average" for GIA method is calculated as an average of "Diameter Minimum" and "Diameter Maximum" values. If you want to use GIA method, do the following:



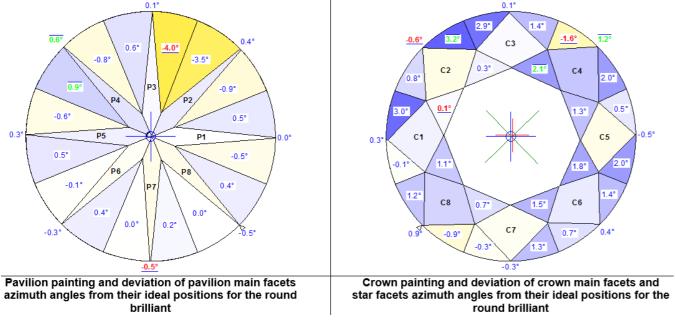
3.2 Check the "GIA heights" checkbox:



3.3 Rebuild model.



5. New symmetry-based Azimuth Indication colored pictures were added, Painting and Deviation values were re-calculated for easy symmetry estimation:



There are two main changes related to these pictures:

- 1. We've changed the way Painting deviation is calculated and displayed: before, absolute values of azimuth deviation from a symmetric cutting were shown for both Main and Upper / Lower facets. Now, we first calculate deviation in Azimuth for Main facets, and then calculate relative Azimuth deviation of Upper / Lower facets adjacent to the corresponding Main facets. It means that if in a group of 3 facets (e.g. Pavilion Lower + Pavilion Lower) each shifted its Azimuth by +0.4 degree, then you will see a +0.4 deg shift on the Main facet, but 0.0 deg shift on both Lower facets, In other words, Azimuth deviation on Upper and Lower facets indicates if they have changed their relative Azimuth relating to the Azimuth of their "host" Main facet.
- 2. We've added color coding for visual estimation of Azimuth shift. No Azimuth shift. No Azimuth shift, the more intense (vivid) is the color.

Use the following bookmarks for colored Azimuth symmetry pictures:

PAVILION\_AZIMUTH\_DEV\_PICTURE CROWN\_AZIMUTH\_DEV\_PICTURE

By default, these pictures are available in full report for RBC.